ICS 23.020.30 CCS J 74



# 中华人民共和国国家标准 NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

GB/T 42612-2023

# Fully-Wrapped Carbon Fiber Reinforced Cylinders with A Plastic Liner for the On-Board Storage of Compressed Hydrogen as A Fuel for Land Vehicles 车用压缩氢气塑料内胆碳纤维全缠绕气瓶

(ISO 19881:2018, Gaseous hydrogen - Land vehicle fuel containers, NEQ)

Issued on 2023-05-23

Implemented on 2024-06-01

Jointly Issued by State Administration for Market Regulation of the People's Republic of China & Standardization Administration of the People's Republic of China

# CONTENTS

| 1 | eword  |
|---|--|
|   | Scope  |
| 2 | Normative References   |
| 3 | Terms, Definitions and Symbols   |
| 4 | Types, Parameters, Categories, and Model Designation   |
| 5 | Technical Requirements and Test Methods  |
| 6 | Inspection Rules   |
| 7 | Installation and Protection  |
| 8 | Marking, Packaging, Transportation and Storage   |
| 9 | Product Certificate and Batch Inspection Quality Certificate   |
|   | ex A (Normative) Permissible Deviations for Test Parameters  |
|   | ex B (Normative) Routine Maintenance Inspection for Cylinders  |
|   | ex C (Normative) Methods for Evaluating the Compatibility of Cylinder's Plastic Liner with Hydrog  |
|   | ex D (Normative) Methods for Evaluating the Properties of O-Rings for Cylinders  |
|   | ex E (Normative) Methods of Welding Procedure Qualification for Cylinder Plastic Liners  |
|   | ex F (Informative) Visual Ultrasonic Phased Array Testing and Quality Rating Methods for Wel   |
|   | s of Cylinder Plastic Liners   |
|   | ex G (Normative) Interlaminar Shear Test Procedure   |
|   | ex H (Normative) Methods of Helium Leak Testing for Cylinders  |
|   | ex I (Normative) Cylinder Fire Test Procedure<br>ex J (Informative) Batch Inspection Quality Certificate for Fully-Wrapped Carbon Fiber Reinford |
|   |  |
|   |  |
|   |  |
|   |  |

## FOREWORD

This document is drafted in accordance with the rules given in GB/T 1.1-2020 "Directives for standardization—Part 1: Rules for the structure and drafting of standardizing documents".

This document was drafted by reference to, but not equivalent to, ISO 19881:2018 "Gaseous hydrogen - Land vehicle fuel containers".

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. The organizations issuing this document shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document was proposed by SAC/TC 31 (National Technical Committee on Gas Cylinders of Standardization Administration of China).

This document was prepared by SAC/TC 31 (National Technical Committee on Gas Cylinders of Standardization Administration of China) and SAC/TC 309 (National Technical Committee on Hydrogen Energy of Standardization Administration of China).

This document was drafted by Zhejiang University, Special Equipment Safety Supervision Bureau of State Administration for Market Regulation, Dalian Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspection and Testing Research Institute Co., Ltd., China Special Equipment Inspection and Research Institute, China National Machinery Industry Corporation Co., Ltd., Hefei General Machinery Research Institute Co., Ltd., Beijing Tianhai Industry Co., Ltd., Sinoma Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., CIMC Anruike Holding Co., Ltd Shandong Aoyang New Energy Technology Co., Ltd., South China Hydrogen Safety Promotion Center, Nanhai District, Foshan City, Donghai Laboratory, Zhejiang Special Equipment Science Research Institute, Beijing Haideisen Technology Co., Ltd., Zhejiang Golden Elephant Technology Co., Ltd., and China National Institute of Standardization.

Chief drafters of this document are Zheng Jinyang, Hu Jun, Li Yifan, Chen Xuedong, Gao Jixuan, Chang Yanyan, Huang Qianghua, Zhang Baoguo, Bo Ke, Fan Zhichao, Liu Yan, Peng Wenzhu, Han Bing, Xu Ping, Jiang Jiang Jiang, Hua Zhengli, Guo Weican, Yang Minggao, Shi Fengwen, Bai Jiangkun, Yang Baoying, Han Wulin, Liu Donghua, Wang Jianzhong, and Jin Xin.

# Fully-Wrapped Carbon Fiber Reinforced Cylinders with A Plastic Liner for the On-Board Storage of Compressed Hydrogen as A Fuel for Land Vehicles

## SCOPE

1

This document specifies the types, parameters, categories, and model designation, technical requirements and test methods, inspection rules, and requirements for installation, protection, marking, packaging, transportation, and storage with respect to fully-wrapped carbon fiber reinforced cylinders with a plastic liner for on-board storage of compressed hydrogen for land vehicles (hereinafter referred to as "cylinders").

This document is applicable to the design and manufacture of the refillable cylinders that are fixed in motor vehicles to store hydrogen fuel, with a nominal working pressure of 35 MPa to 70MPa, a nominal capacity $\geq$  20 L and  $\leq$  450L, and a working temperature  $\geq$ -40°C and  $\leq$  85°C.

Other gas cylinders for hydrogen supply intended for urban rail transit powered by hydrogen fuel cell, hydrogen-powered vessels, hydrogen-powered aircrafts, hydrogen power generation unit, etc. may use this document as a reference.

#### 2 NORMATIVE REFERENCES

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through normative reference in this text, constitute essential provision of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendment) applies.

| GB/T 223.3  | Methods forchemical analysis of iron, steel and alloy-The diantipyryl methane phosphomolybdate gravimetric method for the determination of phosphorus content.                           |
|-------------|--|
| GB/T 223.4  | of phosphorus content<br>Alloyed steel - Determination of manganese content - Potentiometric or<br>visual titration method   |
| GB/T 223.5  | Steel and iron - Determination of acid-soluble silicon and total silicon content - Reduced molybdosilicate spectrophotometric method   |
| GB/T 223.11 | Iron, steel and alloy - Determination of chromium content - Visual titration or potentiometric titration method  |
| GB/T 223.25 | Methods for chemical analysis of iron, steel and alloy-The dimethylglyoxime gravimetric method for the determination of nickel content   |
| GB/T 223.28 | Methods for chemical analysis of iron, steel and alloy-The $\alpha$ -benzoinoxime gravimetric method for the determination of molybdenum content   |
| GB/T 223.59 | Iron, steel and alloy - Determination of phosphorus content - Bismuth<br>phosphomolybdate blue spectrophotometric method and antimony<br>phosphomolybdate blue spectrophotometric method |
| GB/T 223.60 | Methods for chemical analysis of iron, steel and alloy-The perchloric acid dehydration gravimetric method for the determination of silicon content                                       |
| GB/T 223.61 | Methods for chemical analysis of iron, steel and alloyThe ammonium phosphomolybdate volumetric method for the determination of phosphorus content  |
| GB/T 223.62 | Methods for chemical analysis of iron, steel and alloy-The butyl acetate<br>extraction photometric method for the determination of phosphorus<br>content                                 |
| GB/T 223.63 | Iron, steel and alloy - Determination of manganese content - Sodium (potassium) periodate spectrophotometric method  |
| GB/T 223.64 | Iron, steel and alloyed - Determination of manganese content - Flame atomic absorption spectrometric method  |

| GB/T 223.68   | Methods for chemical analysis of iron, steel and alloy-The potassium  |
|---|---|
|   | iodate titration method after combustion in the pipe furnace for the  |
|   | determination of sulfur content   |
| GB/T 223.72   | Iron, steel and alloy - Determination of sulfur content - Gravimetric   |
|   | method  |
| GB/T 223.85   | Steel and iron - Determination of sulfur content - Infrared absorption  |
|   | method after combustion in an induction furnace   |
| GB/T 223.86   | Steel and iron - Determination of total carbon content - Infrared   |
|   | absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace  |
| GB/T 228.1  | Metallic materials - Tensile testing - Part 1: Method of test at room   |
|   | temperature   |
| GB/T 229  | Metallic materials - Charpy pendulum impact test method   |
| GB/T 528  | Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of tensile stress-  |
|   | strain properties   |
| GB/T 533-2008   | Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of density  |
| GB/T 1040.1   | Plastics - Determination of tensile properties - Part 1: General  |
|   | principles  |
| GB/T 1040.2-2022  | Plastics - Determination of tensile properties - Part 2: Test conditions  |
|   | for moulding and extrusion plastics   |
| GB/T 1220   | Stainless steel bars  |
| GB/T 1458   | Test method for mechanical properties of ring of filament-winding   |
|   | reinforced plastics   |
| GB/T 1633-2000  | Plastics - Thermoplastic materials - Determination of Vicat softening   |
|   | temperature (VST)   |
| GB/T 1636-2008  | Plastics - Determination of apparent density material that can be   |
|   | poured from a specified funnel  |
| GB/T 1677   | Determining the epoxy value of plasticizers   |
| GB/T 2941-2006  | Rubber - General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces  |
|   | for physical test methods   |
|   |   |
| GB/T 3190   | Chemical composition of wrought aluminum and aluminum alloys  |
| GB/T 3191   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251  | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Method for pressure cycling test of gas cylinders   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251<br>GB/T 9252   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Stainless steel - Determination of multi-element contents - Spark   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251<br>GB/T 9252   | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Method for pressure cycling test of gas cylinders   |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251<br>GB/T 9252<br>GB/T 11170                             | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Stainless steel - Determination of multi-element contents - Spark<br>discharge atomic emission spectrometric method (Routine method)  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251<br>GB/T 9252<br>GB/T 11170<br>GB/T 13005               | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Stainless steel - Determination of multi-element contents - Spark<br>discharge atomic emission spectrometric method (Routine method)<br>Terminology of gas cylinders  |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251<br>GB/T 9252<br>GB/T 11170<br>GB/T 13005               | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Stainless steel - Determination of multi-element contents - Spark<br>discharge atomic emission spectrometric method (Routine method)<br>Terminology of gas cylinders<br>Single sampling procedures and tables for inspection having desired<br>operating characteristics by attributes for percent nonconforming<br>Sampling procedures and tables for small lot inspection by attributes |
| GB/T 3191<br>GB/T 3362<br>GB/T 3452.2<br>GB/T 3512<br>GB/T 3682.1-2018<br>GB/T 4612<br>GB/T 5720<br>GB/T 6031<br>GB/T 7758<br>GB/T 7759.1-2015<br>GB/T 7999<br>GB/T 9251<br>GB/T 9252<br>GB/T 11170<br>GB/T 13005<br>GB/T 13262 | Aluminum and aluminum alloys extruded bars, rods<br>Test methods for tensile properties of carbon fiber multifilament<br>Fluid power systems - O-rings - Part 2: Quality acceptance criteria<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Accelerated ageing and heat<br>resistance tests<br>Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt<br>volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method<br>Plastics - Epoxy compounds - Determination of epoxy equivalent<br>Test methods for rubber O-rings<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic-Determination of hardness<br>(hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)<br>Rubber, vulcanized-Determination of low - Temperature characteristics<br>- Temperature-retraction procedure (TR test)<br>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of compression<br>set - Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures<br>Optical emission spectrometric analysis method of aluminum and<br>aluminum alloys<br>Methods for hydrostatic test of gas cylinders<br>Stainless steel - Determination of multi-element contents - Spark<br>discharge atomic emission spectrometric method (Routine method)<br>Terminology of gas cylinders<br>Single sampling procedures and tables for inspection having desired<br>operating characteristics by attributes for percent nonconforming  |

| GB/T 15385            | Method for hydraulic burst test of gas cylinder  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| GB/T 15823            | Non-destructive testing - Test methods for helium leak testing   |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 19466.2          | Plastics-Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) - Part 2: Determination of glass transition temperature   |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 19466.3          | Plastics-Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) - Part 3: Determination of temperature and enthalpy of melting and crystallization                            |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 20123            | Steel and iron - Determination of total carbon and sulfur content -<br>Infrared absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace<br>(routine method) |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 20975 (all pa    |  |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 21060-2007       |  |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 21843            | Plastics - Vinyl chloride homopolymer and copolymer resins - Particle size determination by mechanical sieving   |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 32249            | Aluminum and aluminum-alloy die forgings, hand forgings and rolled<br>ring forgings - General specification  |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 33215            | Pressure relief devices for gas cylinders  |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 37244            | Fuel specification for proton exchange membrane fuel cell vehicles-<br>Hydrogen  |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 42536            | Assembly valve on high pressure hydrogen storage cylinder for vehicles   |  |  |  |  |
| GB/T 42610            | Test method for evaluating hydrogen compatibility of plastic liner of high-pressure gaseous hydrogen cylinders   |  |  |  |  |
| HG/T 4280             | Welding procedure qualification for plastics   |  |  |  |  |
| JJG 539-2016          | Verification Regulation for Digital Indicating Weighing Instruments  |  |  |  |  |
| NB/T 47010            | Stainless and heat-resisting steel forgings for pressure equipment   |  |  |  |  |
| NB/T 47013.8          | Nondestructive testing of pressure equipment - Part 8: Leak Testing  |  |  |  |  |
| TSG D0001             | Pressure Pipe Safety Technology Supervision Regulation for Industrial<br>Pressure Pipe   |  |  |  |  |
| YS/T 479              | Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys Forging for General Industrial Use  |  |  |  |  |
| TERMS, DEFINITIO      | ONS AND SYMBOLS  |  |  |  |  |
| Terms and Definitions |  |  |  |  |  |

# 3

## 3.1

For the purpose of this document, the terms and definitions given in GB/T 13005 and the following apply.

3.1.1

3.1.2

3.1.3

3.1.4

3.1.5

plastic liner

inner plastic housing over which carbon fiber reinforced layers are wrapped for sealing gas, and which is not designed to afford any pressure load

#### seamless plastic liner plastic liner which is integrally formed and free of any butt joint

welded plastic liner plastic liner which contains butt joints

thermally-activated pressure relief device (TPRD) end plug end plug, installed at one end of a cylinder in double-end opening structure, provided with a thermally-activated pressure relief device (hereinafter referred to as "TPRD"), and capable of being plugged automatically

## fully-wrapping

A wrapping mode in which the carbon fiber with a resin impregnated matrix is wrapped continuously over the plastic liner in spiral and circumferential pattern so as to reinforce the circumferential and axial strength of the cylinder

3.1.6 fully-wrapped cylinder

# The following pages are left blank intentionally.

You may contact email standardtrans@foxmail.com to buy the complete PDF version.